

Annual Report to Unitholders

December 31, 2021



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The annual management report of fund performance is an analysis and explanation that is designed to complement and supplement an investment fund's annual financial statements. A copy of the annual financial statements has been included within the Report to Unitholders. You can also get a copy of the annual financial statements at your request, and at no cost, by calling 1-888-622-1813, by visiting our website at www.sprott.com or SEDAR at www.sedar.com or by writing to us at: Sprott Asset Management LP, Royal Bank Plaza, South Tower, 200 Bay Street, Suite 2600, P.O. Box 26, Toronto, Ontario M5J 2J1.

Unitholders may also contact us using one of these methods to request a copy of the investment fund's proxy voting policies and procedures, proxy voting disclosure record, or quarterly portfolio disclosure.

Annual Management Report of Fund Performance (in U.S. dollars)

Management Discussion of Fund Performance

Investment Objective and Strategies

Sprott Physical Silver Trust (the “Trust”) is a closed-end mutual fund trust organized under the laws of the Province of Ontario, Canada. Sprott Asset Management LP (the “Manager”) is the manager of the Trust. The Trust was created to invest and hold substantially all of its assets in physical silver bullion. The Trust seeks to provide a secure, convenient and exchange-traded investment alternative for investors interested in holding physical silver bullion without the inconvenience that is typical of a direct investment in physical silver bullion. The Trust intends to achieve its objective by investing primarily in long-term holdings of unencumbered, fully allocated, physical silver bullion and does not speculate with regard to short-term changes in silver prices.

The units of the Trust are listed on the New York Stock Exchange Arca (“NYSE Arca”) under the ticker symbol “PSLV”, and the Toronto Stock Exchange (“TSX”) under the ticker symbols “PSLV” and “PSLV.U”.

Risks

There have been no changes to the Trust over the financial period that materially affected the risk level of the Trust.

The changing economic and market climate as a result of COVID-19 has led to the Manager’s implementation of its business continuity plan. The Manager’s portfolio managers and enterprise shared services teams and key outsourced service providers are fully operational. While the exact long-term impacts of COVID-19 are undeterminable at the date of this report, The Manager believes the effects of COVID-19 we have witnessed thus far, and in particular, world government responses thereto via fiscal and monetary policy, will continue to be highly constructive to precious metals markets into 2022.

Results of Operations

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the total change in unrealized losses on physical silver bullion amounted to \$528.0 million and no realized gains, compared to the change in unrealized gains of \$733.2 million and no realized gains during the same period in 2020.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Trust issued 181,477,952 units for gross proceeds of \$1,756.0 million and redeemed 925 units for cash. Comparatively, for the same period in 2020, the Trust issued 88,948,590 units for gross proceeds of \$614.9 million and redeemed 27,179 units for silver bullion.

The value of the net assets¹ of the Trust as at December 31, 2021 was \$3,600.1 million or \$8.32 per unit, compared to \$2,407.8 million or \$9.59 per unit as at December 31, 2020. The Trust held 154,331,752 ounces of physical silver bullion as at December 31, 2021 compared to 91,108,655 ounces at December 31, 2020. As at December 31, 2021, the spot price of silver bullion was \$23.31 an ounce compared to a spot price of silver bullion of \$26.40 an ounce as at December 31, 2020. The Trust returned (13.2)% compared to the return on spot silver of (11.7)% for the period from January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021. Comparatively, for the same period in 2020, the Trust returned 44.4% compared to the return on spot silver of 47.9%.

¹ Net assets are equal to total assets less total liabilities (or total equity) on the statements of financial position.

The units closed at \$8.02 on the NYSE Arca and \$8.06 on the TSX on December 31, 2021 compared to closing prices of \$9.34 on the NYSE Arca and \$9.32 on the TSX on December 31, 2020. These units are denominated in U.S. dollars on both exchanges. During the period from January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021, the Trust's units traded on the NYSE Arca at an average discount to net asset value of approximately 1.4%, compared to approximately 1.9% for the same period in 2020.

The Trust pays its own expenses, which include, but are not limited to, audit, legal and trustee fees, unitholder reporting expenses, general and administrative fees, filing and listing fees payable to applicable securities regulatory authorities and stock exchanges, storage fees for the physical silver bullion, and any expenses associated with the implementation and on-going operation of the Independent Review Committee of the Trust. Operating expenses¹ for the year ended December 31, 2021 amounted to \$4.6 million compared to \$2.3 million for the same period in 2020. Operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2021 amounted to 0.13% of the average net assets² during the period on an annualized basis, compared to 0.14% for the same period in 2020.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Trust sold 181,477,952 units through the at-the-market offering program (the "ATM Program"), compared to 88,948,590 units for the same period in 2020.

There were no changes to the Manager of the Trust, nor were there any material changes to the investment philosophy or process.

Related Party Transactions

The transactions between the Trust and its related parties during the reporting period are outlined below:

Management Fees

The Trust pays the Manager, a monthly management fee equal to $\frac{1}{12}$ of 0.45% of the value of the net assets of the Trust (determined in accordance with the Trust's trust agreement), plus any applicable Canadian taxes. The management fee is calculated and accrued daily and payable monthly in arrears on the last day of each month. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Trust incurred management fees of \$15.7 million (not including applicable Canadian taxes) compared to \$7.4 million for the same period in 2020.

¹ The operating expenses non-GAAP measure is calculated for the year ended December 31, 2021 as total expenses per the audited statements of comprehensive income (loss) less management fees of \$15.7 million, sales tax of \$1.3 million, and net foreign exchange gains (losses) of \$nil (amounts for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$7.4 million, \$0.6 million and \$nil, respectively).

² Average net assets is the average of the daily net asset value of the Trust for the applicable period.

Financial Highlights

The following tables show selected key financial information about the Trust and are intended to help you understand the Trust's financial performance for the periods indicated. All dollar amounts are expressed in U.S. dollars.

The Trust's Net Assets Per Unit¹

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net assets, beginning of year	9.59	6.64	5.82	6.40	6.06
Increase (decrease) from operations²:					
Total revenue	—	—	—	—	—
Total expenses	(0.06)	(0.05)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)
Realized losses for the year	—	—	(0.03)	(0.04)	(0.01)
Unrealized gains (losses) for the year	(1.35)	3.44	0.89	(0.50)	0.39
Total increase (decrease) from operations	(1.41)	3.39	0.82	(0.58)	0.34
Net assets at December 31 of year shown	8.32	9.59	6.64	5.82	6.40

¹ This information is derived from the Trust's audited annual financial statements.

² Net assets per unit is calculated based on the actual number of units outstanding at the relevant period end date. The increase/decrease from operations is based on the weighted average number of units outstanding over the period shown. This table is not intended to be a reconciliation of the beginning to ending net assets per unit.

Ratios and Supplemental Data

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total net asset value (000's) ¹	\$3,600,111	\$2,407,815	\$1,077,253	\$874,946	\$957,091
Number of Units outstanding ¹	432,611,749	251,134,722	162,213,311	150,436,856	149,618,786
Management expense ratio ²	0.62%	0.62%	0.67%	0.68%	0.69%
Trading expense ratio ³	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Portfolio turnover rate ⁴	Nil	0.01%	0.73%	0.85%	0.17%
Net asset value per Unit	\$8.32	\$9.59	\$6.64	\$5.82	\$6.40
Closing market price – NYSE Arca	\$8.02	\$9.34	\$6.54	\$5.59	\$6.34
Closing market price – TSX	\$8.06	\$9.32	\$6.60	\$5.48	\$6.35

¹ This information is provided as at December 31 of year shown.

² Management expense ratio is based on total expenses (including applicable Canadian taxes and excluding commissions) for the stated period and is expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the period.

³ The trading expense ratio represents total commissions and is expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the period shown. Since there are no direct trading costs associated with physical bullion trades, the trading expense ratio is nil.

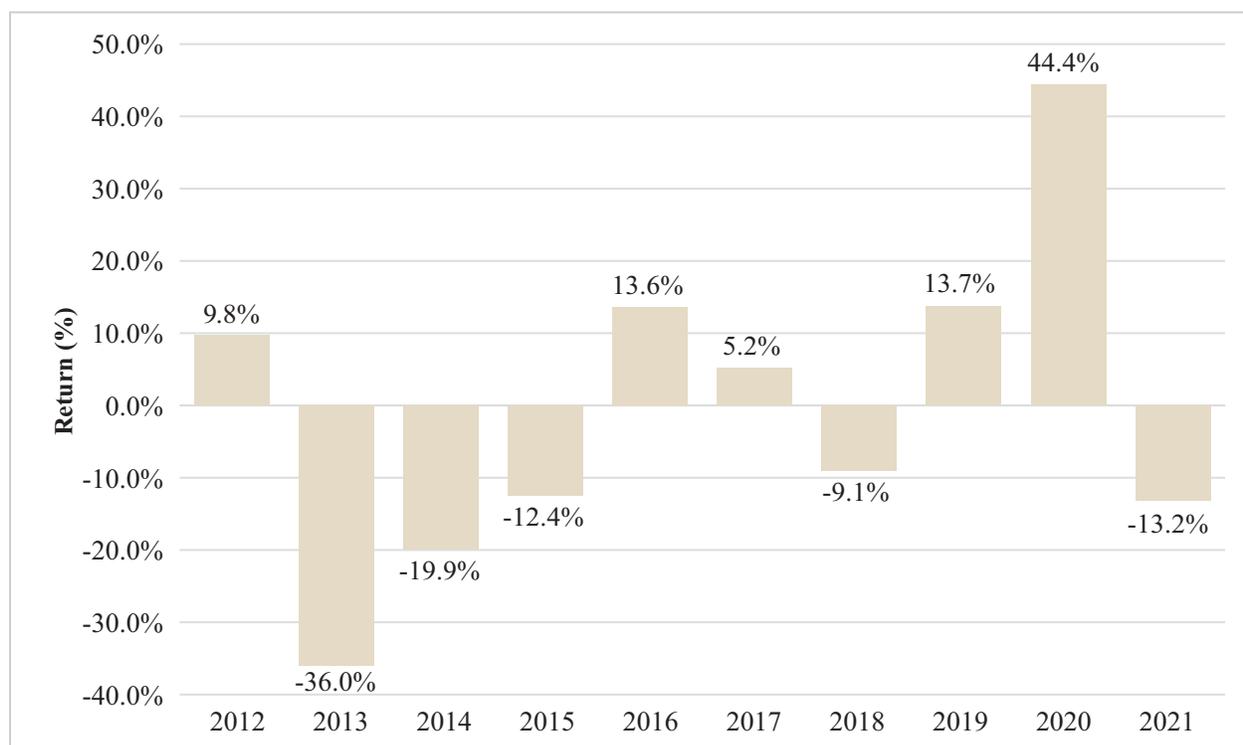
⁴ The Trust's portfolio turnover rate indicates how actively the Trust's portfolio adviser trades its portfolio investments. A portfolio turnover rate of 100% is equivalent to the Trust buying and selling all of the securities in its portfolio once in the course of the period. The higher the Trust's portfolio turnover rate in a period, the greater the trading costs payable by the Trust in the period, and the greater the chance of an investor receiving taxable capital gains in the period. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high turnover rate and the performance of the Trust.

Past Performance

The indicated rates of return are the historical total returns including changes in unit values and assume reinvestment of all distributions in additional units of the Trust. These returns do not take into account sales, redemption, distribution or optional charges or income taxes payable by any unitholder that may reduce returns. Please note that past performance is not indicative of future performance. All rates of returns are calculated based on the net asset value of the units of the Trust.

Year-by-Year Returns

The bar chart below indicates the performance of the Trust units for periods shown. The chart shows, in percentage terms, how much an investment made on the first day of each period would have increased or decreased by the last day of each period.



Annual Compound Returns

The following tables presents the Trust's annual compound return since inception and for the periods shown ended December 31, 2021 along with a comparable market index. The table is used only to illustrate the effects of the compound growth rate and is not intended to reflect future values of the Trust or future returns on investments in the Trust.

	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year	Since Inception ¹
Sprott Physical Silver Trust	-13.20%	12.68%	6.56%	-2.58%	-1.24%
Sprott Physical Silver Trust - Market ²	-14.13%	12.79%	5.69%	-5.02%	-1.95%
Spot Silver	-11.72%	14.58%	7.93%	-1.76%	-0.11%

¹ For the period from October 28, 2010 (inception) to December 31, 2021.

² Annual compound return based on market price is calculated using the USD closing price of units of the Trust traded on the NYSE Arca.

Summary of Investment Portfolio

The following Top Holdings table shows the 25 largest positions (or all positions if the total number of positions is less than 25) held by the Trust as at December 31, 2021 based on the fair value of the position, expressed as a percentage of the Trust's net asset value.

PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION		TOP HOLDINGS	
Asset Class	% of Net Asset Value	Position	% of Net Asset Value
Silver	99.9	Physical silver bullion	99.9
Cash	0.1	Cash	0.1
Other assets, less liabilities	—	Other assets, less liabilities	—
Total Net Asset Value (000's)	\$3,600,111	Total	100.0

This summary of investment portfolio may change due to the ongoing portfolio transactions of the Trust.

Sprott Physical Silver Trust

Annual financial statements

December 31, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Sprott Asset Management LP, the “Manager” of the Sprott Physical Silver Trust (the “Trust”) is responsible for the integrity, consistency, objectivity and reliability of the Financial Statements of the Trust. International Financial Reporting Standards have been applied and management has exercised its judgment and made best estimates where appropriate.

The Manager’s internal controls and supporting procedures maintained provide reasonable assurance that financial records are complete and accurate. These supporting procedures include the oversight of RBC Investor Services, the Trust’s valuation agent.

Management has assessed the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting as at December 31, 2021 using the framework found in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based upon this assessment, management has concluded that as at December 31, 2021 the Manager’s internal controls over financial reporting were effective.

KPMG LLP, the independent auditors appointed by the Manager of the Trust, have audited the effectiveness of the Trust’s internal control over financial reporting as at December 31, 2021 in addition to auditing the Trust’s Financial Statements as of the same date. Their reports, which expressed unqualified opinions, can be found on pages 10 to 13 of the Financial Statements. KPMG LLP have full and free access to, and meet periodically with, the Manager of the Trust to discuss their audit and matters arising there from, such as, comments they may have on the fairness of financial reporting and the adequacy of internal controls.

/s/ Kevin Hibbert
Kevin Hibbert
Director
March 18, 2022



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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To Sprott Asset Management LP, the Trustee and the Unitholders of Sprott Physical Silver Trust

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial position of Sprott Physical Silver Trust (the Trust) as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the related statements of comprehensive income (loss), changes in equity, and cash flows for each of the years ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 and the related notes (collectively, the financial statements). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Trust as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for each of the years ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Trust's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission, and our report dated March 18, 2022 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control over financial reporting.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Trust's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Trust in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to Sprott Asset Management LP (the Manager) and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of a critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing separate opinions on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which they relate.



Evaluation of the existence of physical bullion

As discussed in Note 6 to the financial statements, the fair value of physical silver bullion held by the Trust was \$3,597,211 thousand as at December 31, 2021. The physical bullion was held by a third-party custodian (the custodian) as at December 31, 2021.

We identified the evaluation of the existence of physical bullion as a critical audit matter. Given the nature and volume of silver holdings, subjective auditor judgment was required to evaluate the extent and nature of evidence obtained to assess the existence of silver bullion held by the custodian.

The following are the primary procedures we performed to address this critical audit matter. We evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of certain internal controls over the Trust's physical bullion process, including controls over (1) physical bullion trade approvals, (2) periodic reconciliation of physical bullion performed by the Manager between the Trust's and the custodian's records, and (3) annual physical bullion count. We obtained a confirmation directly from the custodian of physical bullion existence as at December 31, 2021 and compared the total ounces in the confirmation to those recorded by the Trust. We inspected the physical bullion reconciliation performed by the Manager as at December 31, 2021 and compared the total ounces to both the Trust's and the custodian's records. We attended and observed the annual physical count of the Trust's physical silver bullion performed at the custodian's locations by the Manager. We obtained the physical bullion count result of the Manager and reconciled it to the Trust's records. We performed a physical count for all the physical bullion and an examination of a selection of bullion for Good Delivery Bars as defined by the London Bullion Market Association ("LBMA"). We also tested the Trust's roll forward of physical bullion holdings from October 19, 21, 22, 26 and 27, 2021 (the dates of the Trust's most recent physical inspections performed at the custodian's locations by the Manager) through December 31, 2021 by (1) agreeing the Trust's records of bullion holdings as of the last physical inspection dates to the custodian's records, (2) agreeing bullion holdings transactions to order confirmations and trade tickets, and (3) comparing the Trust's holdings to the confirmation obtained directly from the custodian of the Trust's bullion holdings at December 31, 2021.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants
We have served as the Trust's auditor since 2016.

Toronto, Canada
March 18, 2022



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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To Sprott Asset Management LP, the Trustee and the Unitholders of Sprott Physical Silver Trust

Opinion on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We have audited Sprott Physical Silver Trust's (the Trust) internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. In our opinion, the Trust maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the statements of financial position of the Trust as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the related statements of comprehensive income (loss), changes in equity, and cash flows for each of the years ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, and the related notes (collectively, the financial statements), and our report dated March 18, 2022 expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

The Trust's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Responsibility for Financial Information included in Exhibit 99.7 of the Form 40-F for the year-ended December 31, 2021. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Trust's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Trust in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.



Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Canada
March 18, 2022

Sprott Physical Silver Trust

Statements of comprehensive income (loss)

(in thousands of U.S. dollars, except unit amounts)

	For the year ended December 31, 2021	For the year ended December 31, 2020
	\$	\$
Income		
Net realized gains (losses) on redemptions and sales of silver bullion	—	(45)
Change in unrealized gains (losses) on silver bullion	(527,962)	733,186
	(527,962)	733,141
Expenses		
Management fees (note 8)	15,729	7,412
Bullion storage fees	3,566	1,658
Sales tax	1,261	595
Listing and regulatory filing fees	292	184
Unitholder reporting costs	198	142
Administrative fees	145	106
Legal fees	260	82
Custodial fees	9	4
Audit fees	82	114
Trustee fees	4	5
Independent Review Committee fees	12	11
Net foreign exchange gains (losses)	(5)	—
	21,553	10,313
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	(549,515)	722,828
Weighted average number of Units	389,573,558	213,070,771
Increase (decrease) in total equity from operations per Unit	(1.41)	3.39

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Sprott Physical Silver Trust

Statements of financial position

(in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	As at December 31, 2021	As at December 31, 2020
	\$	\$
Assets		
Cash	3,191	2,622
Silver bullion	3,597,211	2,405,478
Prepaid assets	186	—
Total assets	3,600,588	2,408,100
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	477	285
Total liabilities	477	285
Equity		
Unitholders' capital	4,036,786	2,280,830
Unit premiums and reserves	67	67
Retained earnings (deficit)	(348,165)	201,349
Underwriting commissions and issue expenses	(88,577)	(74,431)
Total equity (note 7)	3,600,111	2,407,815
Total liabilities and equity	3,600,588	2,408,100
Total equity per Unit	8.32	9.59

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

On behalf of the Manager, Sprott Asset Management LP,
by its General Partner, Sprott Asset Management GP Inc.:

/s/ Kevin Hibbert
Kevin Hibbert
Director

/s/ John Ciampaglia
John Ciampaglia
Director

Sprott Physical Silver Trust

Statements of changes in equity

(in thousands of U.S. dollars, except unit amounts)
For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	Number of Units outstanding	Unitholders' Capital	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Underwriting Commissions and Issue Expenses	Unit Premiums and Reserves	Total Equity
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at January 1, 2020	162,213,311	1,666,251	(521,575)	(67,490)	67	1,077,253
Proceeds from issuance of Units (note 7)	88,948,590	614,851	—	—	—	614,851
Cost of redemption of Units (note 7)	(27,179)	(272)	96	—	—	(176)
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the year	—	—	722,828	—	—	722,828
Underwriting commissions and issue expenses	—	—	—	(6,941)	—	(6,941)
Balance as at December 31, 2020	251,134,722	2,280,830	201,349	(74,431)	67	2,407,815
Balance as at January 1, 2021	251,134,722	2,280,830	201,349	(74,431)	67	2,407,815
Proceeds from issuance of Units (note 7)	181,477,952	1,755,965	—	—	—	1,755,965
Cost of redemption of Units (note 7)	(925)	(9)	1	—	—	(8)
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the year	—	—	(549,515)	—	—	(549,515)
Underwriting commissions and issue expenses	—	—	—	(14,146)	—	(14,146)
Balance as at December 31, 2021	432,611,749	4,036,786	(348,165)	(88,577)	67	3,600,111

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Sprott Physical Silver Trust

Statements of cash flows

(in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	For the year ended December 31, 2021	For the year ended December 31, 2020
	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income (loss) for the year	(549,515)	722,828
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) for the year to net cash from operating activities		
Net realized (gains) losses on redemptions and sales of silver bullion	—	45
Change in unrealized (gains) losses on silver bullion	527,962	(733,186)
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets	(186)	72
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	192	(180)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(21,547)	(10,421)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of silver bullion	(1,719,695)	(597,364)
Sales of silver bullion	—	—
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(1,719,695)	(597,364)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of Units (note 7)	1,755,965	614,851
Payments on redemption of Units (note 7)	(8)	(16)
Underwriting commissions and issue expenses	(14,146)	(6,941)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,741,811	607,894
Net increase (decrease) in cash during the year	569	109
Cash at beginning of year	2,622	2,513
Cash at end of year	3,191	2,622

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Sprott Physical Silver Trust

Notes to financial statements – Trust specific information December 31, 2021

(in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Financial Risk Management *(note 6)*

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Trust is to provide a secure, convenient and exchange-traded investment alternative for investors interested in holding physical silver bullion without the inconvenience that is typical of a direct investment in physical silver bullion. The Trust invests and intends to continue to invest primarily in long-term holdings of unencumbered, fully allocated, physical silver bullion and does not speculate with regard to short-term changes in silver prices. The Trust will only purchase and expects only to own “Good Delivery Bars” as defined by the London Bullion Market Association (“LBMA”), with each bar purchased being verified against the LBMA source.

Significant risks that are relevant to the Trust are discussed here. General information on risks and risk management is described in Note 6 of the Generic Notes.

Fair Value Measurements

The reconciliation of bullion holdings for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 is presented as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
	\$	\$
Balance at beginning of year	2,405,478	1,075,133
Purchases	1,719,695	597,364
Sales	—	—
Redemptions for physical bullion	—	(160)
Realized gains (losses) on sales and redemptions for physical bullion	—	(45)
Change in unrealized gains (losses)	(527,962)	733,186
Balance at end of year	3,597,211	2,405,478

Realized gains (losses) on physical bullion include both realized gains (losses) on sales of physical bullion, and realized gains (losses) occurring upon unitholder redemptions for physical bullion.

The cost of physical bullion as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$3,847,488 and \$2,127,794, respectively.

Market Risk

a) Other Price Risk

If the market value of silver bullion increased by 1%, with all other variables held constant, this would have increased total equity and comprehensive income by approximately \$36 million (December 31, 2020: \$24.1 million); conversely, if the value of silver bullion decreased by 1%, this would have decreased total equity and comprehensive income by the same amount.

b) Currency Risk

As at December 31, 2021, approximately \$(341) (December 31, 2020: \$(183)) of the Trust’s other assets and accounts payable were denominated in Canadian dollars. As a result, a 1% change in the exchange rate between the Canadian and U.S. Dollars would not have a material impact to the Trust.

Sprott Physical Silver Trust

Notes to financial statements – Trust specific information December 31, 2021

(in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Concentration Risk

The Trust's risk is concentrated in physical silver bullion held across four locations, whose value constitutes 64.7%, 25.4%, 9.7%, and 0.1% of total equity as at December 31, 2021 (39.6% and 60.3% of total equity held across two locations as at December 31, 2020).

Management Fees *(note 8)*

The Trust pays the Manager a monthly management fee equal to $\frac{1}{12}$ of 0.45% of the value of net assets of the Trust (determined in accordance with the Trust's trust agreement) plus any applicable Canadian taxes, calculated and accrued daily and payable monthly in arrears on the last day of each month.

Tax Loss Carryforwards

As of the taxation year ended December 31, 2021, the Trust had capital losses available for tax purposes of \$4,360 (2020: \$4,334).

Related Party Disclosures *(note 8)*

During the reporting period, the Trust paid the Manager management fees, as discussed above.

Other Risk

The changing economic and market climate as a result of COVID-19 has led to the Manager's implementation of its business continuity plan. The Manager's portfolio managers, enterprise shared services teams and key outsourced service providers are fully operational. The exact long-term impacts of COVID-19 are undeterminable at the date of this report.

Sprott Physical Silver Trust

Generic Notes to financial statements December 31, 2021

1. Organization of the Trusts

Sprott Physical Gold Trust, Sprott Physical Silver Trust, Sprott Physical Platinum and Palladium Trust and Sprott Physical Gold and Silver Trust (collectively, the “Trusts” and each a “Trust”) are closed-end mutual fund trusts created under the laws of the Province of Ontario, Canada, pursuant to trust agreements. Sprott Asset Management LP (the “Manager”) acts as the manager of the Trusts. RBC Investor Services Trust, a trust company organized under the laws of Canada, acts as the trustee of the Trusts. RBC Investor Services Trust also acts as custodian on behalf of the Trusts for the Trusts’ assets other than physical bullion. The Royal Canadian Mint acts as custodian on behalf of the Trusts for the physical bullion owned by the Trusts. The Trusts’ registered office is located at Suite 2600, South Tower, Royal Bank Plaza, 200 Bay Street, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5J 2J1.

The Trusts are authorized to issue an unlimited number of redeemable, transferable trust units (the “Units”). All issued Units have no par value, are fully paid for, and are listed and traded on the New York Stock Exchange Arca (the “NYSE Arca”) and the Toronto Stock Exchange (the “TSX”). The date of inception and trading symbols of each of the Trusts is as follows:

Trust	Trust Agreement date	Initial Public Offering date	NYSE Arca and TSX symbols, respectively
Sprott Physical Gold Trust	August 28, 2009, as amended and restated as of December 7, 2009, February 1, 2010, February 27, 2015 and November 13, 2020.	March 3, 2010	PHYS, PHYS.U
Sprott Physical Silver Trust	December 31, 2010, as amended and restated as of October 1, 2010, February 27, 2015 and November 13, 2020.	October 28, 2010	PSLV, PSLV.U
Sprott Physical Platinum and Palladium Trust	December 23, 2011, as amended and restated as of June 6, 2012	December 19, 2012	SPPP, SPPP.U
Sprott Physical Gold & Silver Trust	October 26, 2017	January 16, 2018	CEF, CEF.U

The financial statement of each of the Trusts are as at and for the year December 31, 2021. These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Manager on March 18, 2022.

2. Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and include estimates and assumptions made by the Manager that may affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and the reported amounts of changes in equity during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost convention, except for physical bullion and financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss, which have been measured at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (\$000s) unless otherwise indicated.

Sprott Physical Silver Trust

Generic Notes to financial statements December 31, 2021

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed by the Trusts:

Physical bullion

Investments in physical bullion are measured at fair value determined by reference to published price quotations, with unrealized and realized gains and losses recorded in income based on the International Accounting Standards 40 *Investment Property* fair value model as IAS 40 is the most relevant standard to apply. Investment transactions in physical bullion are accounted for on the same business day the order to buy or sell is executed. Realized and unrealized gains and losses of holdings are calculated on a weighted average cost basis.

Other assets and liabilities

Other assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value upon initial recognition. Other assets such as due from broker and other receivables are classified as loans and receivables and measured at amortized cost. Other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost.

Income taxes

In each taxation year, the Trusts will be subject to income tax on taxable income earned during the year, including net realized taxable capital gains. However, the Trusts intend to distribute their taxable income to unitholders at the end of every fiscal year and therefore the Trusts themselves would not have any income tax liability.

Functional and presentation currency

Each Trust's functional and presentation currency is the U.S. Dollar. Each Trusts' performance is evaluated and its liquidity is managed in U.S. Dollars. Therefore, the U.S. Dollar is considered as the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions.

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires management to use judgment in applying its accounting policies and to make estimates and assumptions about the future. The following discusses the most significant accounting judgments and estimates that the Trusts have made in preparing the financial statements:

Estimation uncertainty

For income tax purposes, the Trusts generally treat gains from the disposition of bullion as capital gains, rather than income, as the Trusts intend to be long-term passive holders of bullion, and generally dispose of their holdings in bullion only for the purposes of meeting redemptions and to pay expenses. The Canada Revenue Agency has, however, expressed its opinion that gains (or losses) of mutual fund trusts resulting from transactions in commodities should generally be treated for tax purposes as ordinary income rather than as capital gains, although the treatment in each particular case remains a question of fact to be determined having regard to all the circumstances.

The Trusts based their assumptions and estimates on information available when the financial statements were prepared. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Trusts. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Sprott Physical Silver Trust

Generic Notes to financial statements December 31, 2021

5. Fair Value Measurements

The Trusts use a three-tier hierarchy as a framework for disclosing fair value based on inputs used to value their investments. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities that the Trusts have the ability to access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 Quoted prices which are not active, or inputs that are observable (either directly or indirectly) for substantially the full term of the asset or liability; and
- Level 3 Prices, inputs or complex modeling techniques which are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

Physical bullion is measured at fair value. The fair value measurement of all bullion falls within Level 1 of the hierarchy, and is based on published price quotations. All fair value measurements are recurring. The carrying values of cash, accounts receivable, prepaid assets, due to broker, and accounts payable, where applicable, approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

6. Financial Risk, Management and Objectives

The Trusts' objective in managing risk is the creation and protection of unitholder value. Risk is inherent in the Trusts' activities, but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring, subject to risk limits and other controls. The Trusts have investment guidelines that set out their overall business strategies, their tolerance for risk and their general risk management philosophy, as noted in each Trust's offering documents. The Trusts' Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling risks. The Trusts are exposed to market risk (which includes price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and concentration risk arising from the bullion that they hold. Only certain risks of the Trusts are actively managed by the Manager, as the Trusts are passive investment vehicles. Significant risks that are relevant to the Trusts are discussed below. Refer to the Notes to financial statements — Trust specific information of each Trust for specific risk disclosures.

Price risk

Price risk arises from the possibility that changes in the market price of each Trust's investments, which consist almost entirely of bullion, will result in changes in fair value of such investments.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the value of financial instruments. The Trusts do not hedge their exposure to interest rate risk as that risk is minimal.

Currency risk

Currency risk arises from the possibility that changes in the price of foreign currencies will result in changes in carrying value. Each Trust's assets, substantially all of which consist of an investment in bullion, are priced in U.S. dollars. Some of the Trusts' expenses are payable in Canadian dollars. Therefore, the Trusts are exposed to currency risk, as the value of their assets and liabilities denominated in Canadian dollars will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. Most of such assets and liabilities, however, are short term in nature and are not significant in relation to the net assets of the Trusts, and, as such, exposure to foreign exchange risk is limited. The Trusts do not enter into currency hedging transactions.

Sprott Physical Silver Trust

Generic Notes to financial statements December 31, 2021

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that counterparties will fail to satisfy their obligations as they come due. The Trusts primarily incur credit risk when entering into and settling bullion transactions. It is each Trust's policy to only transact with reputable counterparties. The Manager closely monitors the creditworthiness of the Trusts' counterparties, such as bullion dealers, by reviewing their financial statements when available, regulatory notices and press releases. The Trusts seek to minimize credit risk relating to unsettled transactions in bullion by only engaging in transactions with bullion dealers with high creditworthiness. The risk of default is considered minimal, as payment for bullion is only made against the receipt of the bullion by the custodian.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Trusts will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities and redemptions. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Trusts could be required to pay their liabilities earlier than expected. The Trusts are also subject to redemptions for both cash and bullion on a regular basis. The Trusts manage their obligation to redeem units when required to do so and their overall liquidity risk by only allowing for redemptions monthly, which require 15-day advance notice to the Trusts. Each Trust's liquidity risk is minimal, since their primary investment is physical bullion, which trades in a highly liquid market. All of the Trusts' financial liabilities, including due to broker, accounts payable and management fees payable have maturities of less than three months.

Concentration risk

Each Trust's risk is concentrated in the physical bullion of precious metals.

7. Unitholders' Capital

The Trusts are authorized to issue an unlimited number of redeemable, transferrable Trust Units in one or more classes and series of Units. The Trusts' capital is represented by the issued, redeemable, transferable Trust Units. Quantitative information about the Trusts' capital is provided in their Statements of changes in equity. Under the trust agreements of each Trust, Units may be redeemed at the option of the unitholder on a monthly basis for physical bullion or cash. Units redeemed for physical bullion will be entitled to a redemption price equal to 100% of the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the redeemed Units on the last business day of the month in which the redemption request is processed. A unitholder redeeming Units for physical bullion will be responsible for expenses in connection with effecting the redemption and applicable delivery expenses, including the handling of the notice of redemption, the delivery of the physical bullion for Units that are being redeemed and the applicable bullion storage in-and-out fees. Units redeemed for cash will be entitled to a redemption price equal to 95% of the lesser of (i) the volume-weighted average trading price of the Units traded on the NYSE Arca, or, if trading has been suspended on the NYSE Arca, on the TSX for the last five business days of the month in which the redemption request is processed and (ii) the NAV of the redeemed Units as of 4:00 p.m., Eastern Standard time, on the last business day of the month in which the redemption request is processed.

When Units are redeemed and cancelled and the cost of such Units is either above or below their stated or assigned value, the unitholders' capital is reduced by an amount equal to the stated or assigned value of the Units. The difference between the redemption price and the stated or assigned values of the Units is allocated to the Unit premiums and reserves account (equal to the 5% reduction to the redemption price for Units redeemed for cash as described above) and the retained earnings account based on the allocated portion attributable to the redemption.

Sprott Physical Silver Trust

Generic Notes to financial statements December 31, 2021

The Trusts' units are classified as equity on the Statements of financial position, since the Trusts' units meet the criteria in IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation* ("IAS 32") for classification as equity.

Net Asset Value

NAV is defined as a Trust's net assets (fair value of total assets less fair value of total liabilities) calculated using the value of physical bullion based on the end-of-day price provided by a widely recognized pricing source.

Capital management

As a result of the ability to issue, repurchase and resell Units of the Trusts, the capital of the Trusts as represented by the Unitholders' capital in the Statements of financial position can vary depending on the demand for redemptions and subscriptions to the Trusts. The Trusts are not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and have no legal restrictions on the issue, repurchase or resale of redeemable Units beyond those included in their trust agreements. The Trusts may not issue additional Units except (i) if the net proceeds per Unit to be received by the Trusts are not less than 100% of the most recently calculated NAV immediately prior to, or upon, the determination of the pricing of such issuance or (ii) by way of Unit distribution in connection with an income distribution.

Each Trusts' objectives for managing capital are:

- To invest and hold substantially all of the Trust's assets in physical bullion; and
- To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of each Trust, and to meet redemption requests as they arise.

Refer to "Financial risk, management and objectives" (Note 6) for the policies and procedures applied by the Trusts in managing their capital.

8. Related Party Disclosures

The Trusts pay the Manager a monthly management fee, calculated and accrued daily and payable monthly in arrears on the last day of each month. Management fees are unique to each Trust and are subject to applicable taxes.

9. Independent Review Committee ("IRC")

In accordance with National Instrument 81-107, *Independent Review Committee for Investment Funds* ("NI 81-107"), the Manager has established an IRC for a number of funds managed by it, including the Trusts. The mandate of the IRC is to consider and provide recommendations to the Manager on conflicts of interest to which the Manager is subject when managing certain funds, including the Trusts. The IRC is composed of three individuals, each of whom is independent of the Manager and all funds managed by the Manager, including the Trusts. Each fund subject to IRC oversight pays a share of the IRC member fees, costs and other fees in connection with operation of the IRC. The IRC reports annually to unitholders of the funds subject to its oversight on its activities, as required by NI 81-107.

10. Personnel

The Trusts did not employ any personnel during the period, as their affairs were administered by the personnel of the Manager and/or the Trustee, as applicable.

Corporate Information

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